RM-9196

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Warren Adrian RACHELS and Nancy Lee RACHELS

RECEIVED

3224 Taragrove Drive Tampa, Florida 33618-2562

> Telephone 813-961-3441

wednesday Allo America 26th, 1997

Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20554

RE: ARRL's Proposed Changes To Morse Code Waiver Rules

Gentlemen:

I wish to file the attached comment/objection to the Petition filed by the American Radio Relay League's on September 23rd, 1997, wherein they request a change to Morse Code waiver rules in the Amateur Radio Service. The Morse Code waiver rules are contained in Part 97.

I regret that I cannot supply a rulemaking number (RM) to the comment/objection because the enclosed article states a RM number has not been assigned. A copy of the article I base my comments upon is attached to this letter.

There are six(6) original signed comments/objection to the ARRL's filed Petition.

With kind regards, I

 $I = \mathcal{O}I$

Thank you

Warren Adrian Rachels

No. of Copies rec'd_ List ABCDE fiscated by police under Floi da's "scanner" aw earlies this year. Os orn was involved in a mi or accident lest May and subsequently qued by police in Davie, Flor la, alleged y for breaking state law by having radios it his car capale e of receiving police frequencies. Although the law specifically exampts hams, leavie police impounded Os orn's equipment anyway because he could not produce his ham ticke—lost during a recent nove. Even after Osborn showed Davier lice a copy of his license, suthorities refused to drop the plares or the return his ratios. Osborn later learned the police might have tampered with his equipment, possibly damaging it and voiding warranties.

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ARRL SEEKS CHANGES TO CW WAIVER RULES

the ARRL has asked the FCC to change the way Morse code exam exemptions for severely handicapped applicants are handled. The League wants to change the procedural requirements in Part 97 that must be met, prior to granting examination credit.

Under the League's proposed changes, a candidate at least would have to attempt the CW test—with any and all necessary accommodations—before being granted an exam waiver based on a physician's certification. Also, Volunteer Examiner Coordinators (VECs) would be entitled to request medical information pertinent to an applicant's handicap from the certifying physician. VECs also would be required to have this information on file before the application is forwarded to the FCC for processing.

In its petition filed September 23, the League said the two "rather minor changes" are needed to restrict the waiver process to use by severely handicapped individuals "for whom the process was intended in the first place and who deserve the substantive accommodation." The League also said the changes would "stem abuses" of the waiver system without putting unreasonable burdens on examinees.

The following is a list of FCC sequentially assigned call signs issued as of October 1997							
District	Group A	Group B Advanced	Group C Tech/Gen	Group No ice			
0	ABUTH	KIØKE	++	KCØCAA			
1	AA1S5	KE1IP	N1ZSQ	KB1CFD			
2	AB2EH	KG2MP	++	KC2CLQ			
2 3	AA3QI	YE3AJ	Nativi	KB3BVI			
4	AF4FS	K0. 8	4+	KF4UEF			
5 6 7	AC5NX	KM5M	++	KD5CIQ			
6	AD6DF	KQ6RZ	++	KF6NMB			
7	AB7WM	KK716	++	KC7ZHD			
3	AB8BG	JU 3DU		KC8IOH			
•	AA9UY	KG9LK	++	KB9RLN			
N Mariana Island	NHØB	AHØAY	KHØGT	WHØABI			
Guam	++	AH2DE	KH2SL	WH2ANV			
l awaii	AHV	AH6PD	KH7GU	WH6DEI			
American Samoa_		AH8AH	KH8DK	WHALSF			
Alaska	ALØF	AL7QU	KLØKK	WL7Ca			
/irgin Islands	++	KP2CM	NP2JT	WP2AIJ			
Puerto Pico	NP3O	KP3BC	NP3RE	WP4NMM			

The CW waiver system has been in effect for seven years. The League says that experience has shown that many applicants without severe handicaps "have abused the process" by obtaining physicians' certifications of inability to pass the telegraphy examination. At present, 8% of those applying through the ARRL-VEC have requested a medical exemption from the higher-speed code requirement. Another large VEC reports similar experience.

FCC rules requires volunteer examiners

ROBER M. MOREIS, W2LV SI

Inventor, researcher and rac o pioneer Bob. forris, W.L.V., of Spara, New Jersey, died October 15. He as 95. Morris was first licensed in 22 as 2CQZ. He ecame 2 V (later W.L.V.) in the late 19 Os. Early in his amageur career, Morris '2CQZ cunning a spirk gap transmitter was a long the ations heard in Great Britail and in Europe during the A. R.L.'s Tird Trans clantic Tests (see 2ST, Fe 1923). He later worked with Edwin I. Armstrong, the man credited with in centing FN.

A noted broadcasting histor in and storyteller, Morris ppeared a Ken Burns' PBS locumer ary Empir of the Air—the Met who M de Radio. Ie was a member of the AR L for 75 cars, a founding m mber of the Antique Wireless Association and if the New Jersey DX Association, and a member of the Sussex Courty Amazur Radio lub

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to exercise broad latitude in administering CW exams to accommodate handicapped applicants. Instead, the League observed in its filing, there is "a tendency for applicants to seek exemptions instead" of accommodations.

As of press time, this petition had not been given a rulemaking (RM) number.

FCO ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE REFFIRMS KV4F2 DECISION

An FCC administrative law judge has reafirmed his decision to not renew the open tor and station censes of Herbert L. Scheenbohm, KV4FI, of Kingshill, Virgin Islands, but the saga continues. Early last year FCC Administrative Law Judge Edwird Luton determined the Commission should not renew schoenbohm's ham ticked but Schoenbohm filed exceptions. The ICC remanded the case to Luton His suppremental initial decision September 30 contained additional andings of fact and reaffermed his earlier ecision.

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Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of:		RECEIVED
Amendments of Section 97) as it relates to proposed)	RM -	DEC 111997
changes in the way Morse) Code exemptions for severely) handicapped applicants are)		FCC MAIL ROOT
handled in the Amateur) Radio Service Rule(s).)		•

COMMENT/OBJECTION TO THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUES'S PETITION OF SEPTEMBER 23RD, 1997 FOR CHANGES IN THE MORSE CODE EXEMPTION PROCEDURES FOR SEVERELY HANDICAPPED APPLICANTS IN THE AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE

I am WARREN ADRIAN RACHELS and reside at 3224 Taragrove Drive, Tampa, Florida 33618-2562, Telephone 813-961-3441. I current hold Advanced License WA4UQL in the Amateur Radio Service. I have been continuously licensed since 1976.

I object to the American Radio Relay Leagues's September 23rd, 1997, PETITION FOR CHANGES IN THE MORSE CODE EXEMPTION PROCEDURES FOR SEVERELY HANDICAPPED APPLICANTS IN THE AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE for the following reasons:

1. Rule 97-509(k) requires special accommodation procedures are available to handicapped individuals for all code test elements at all exam sessions. Since May 1997, I have been to four(4) code examinations to up grade from five(5) words per minute to 13 and/or 20 words per minute. At none of these examination did the volunteer examiners have any alternative procedures. The examination was from cassette tapes via ear phones. The examinations have been administered by both W5YI and ARRL Volunteer

Examiners.

- 2. The proposed modifications would require a candidate to attempt a Morse Code test with any and all necessary accommodations prior to being granted a waiver. At the examinations I have attended had an applicant wanted or desired accommodations the requested accommodation could not have been provided. Why require a failure of a test under special accommodations before granting exemption when the Volunteer Examiners are unable to provide the special accommodations if requested?
- The proposed modification would permit the Volunteer 3. Examiner Coordinators to request medical information pertinent to an applicant's handicap from the certifying physician and to have this information on file before the application is forwarded to the FCC for processing. By implication the ARRL is requesting the right and the requirement of the VEC to evaluate the certifying physician diagnosis and conclusions. What if the VEC concludes the certifying physician is wrong or incorrect based upon the physician's medical statement. Who would be correct the certifying physician or the VEC? Since the certifying physician is supplying information to the VEC, logic says if the VEC is in disagreement the application will be held up and/or possibility not processed. The VEC is not the FCC and does not have any reason to know anything more that what is currently contained in the certifying physician's statement. If the FCC wishes additional information this right of inquiry and determination is granted to the FCC by the applicant.
 - 4. The proposed modification would require the Volunteer

Examiner Coordinator to have information in support from the solutifying physician on file before the application is processed. In addition to the reasons expressed in Paragraph 2 above, there is the question of the security, both internally and externally, of the applicant's medical information. Also raised is the question of just how much information would have to be provided the VEC by the certifying physician. Both of these questions are open ended. If the FCC wishes to know the extent and basis of the medical exemption, then it not the VEC should make the enquiry, that is from medical personnel at the FCC to the certifying physician when there is a reasonable basis to believe the certification has been improperly granted.

WHEREFORE, based upon the reasons stated, it is requested that the American Radio Relay League's September 23rd, 1997, PETITION FOR CHANGES IN THE MORSE CODE EXEMPTION PROCEDURES FOR SEVERELY HANDICAPPED APPLICANTS IN THE AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE be denied in total. Attached is a copy of the article upon which I base my knowledged of the contents of the Petition.

Dated: Wednesday, November 26th, 1997.

WARREN ADRIAN RACHELS, WA4UQL 3224 Taragrove Drive

Tampa, Florida 33618-2562 Telephone 813-961-3441 fiscated by politic under Flor da's "scanner" aw earlier his year. Os orn was involved in a mitor accident lest May and subsequently cited by politic in Davie, Flor la, alleged y for breakin state law by having radios is his car capate of receiving solice frequencies. Although the law ing police frequencies. Although the law spec fically ex mpts hams, lavie police impounded Os orn's equipment anyway because he could not produce his ham ticke—lost during a recent nove. Even after Osborn showed Davie pilice a copy of his license, suthorities refused to drop the carries or the return his ratios. Osborn the charges or the return his ratios. Osborn later learned that police might have tampere with his eluipment, post bly damaging if and voiding warranties.

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2	AB2EH	KG2MP	++	KC2CLQ
2 3	AA3QI	YE3AJ	No. Al	KB3BV!
4	AF4FS	KO. B	++	KF4UEF
5	AC5NX	KM5M	++	KD5CIQ
3	AD6DF	KQ6RZ	++	KF6NMB
7	AB7WM	KK7118	++	KC7ZHD
3	AB8BG	J#3DU		KCBIOH
9	AA9UY	KG9LK	++	KB9RLN
Mariana Island	NHØB	AHØAY	KHØGT	WHØABI
Guam	++	AH2DE	KH2SL	WH2ANV
Hawaii	AH V	AH6PD	KH7GU	HEDEI
American Samoa	H8P	AH8AH	KH8DK	WH. ABF
Alaska	ALØF	AL7QU	KLØKK	WL7C
Virgin Islands	++	KP2CM	NP2JT	WP2AIJ
Puerto Mco	NP3O	KP3BC	NP3RE	WP4NMM

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